The 6th Land Administration Domain Model (LADM) Workshop

16-17 March 2017 | Delft, Netherlands

LADM, possible standardization beyond the conceptual model?

Blockchain and ledger technologies (ISO/TC 307) for effective land administration

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Structure of Presentation

- Introduction and case studies
- Cadastre 4.0 and fintech 4.0
- Blockchain in Land Administration
- Standards in Blockchain and priority
- Block chain Hacks Need for ISO
- TC307 and TC211
- Conclusion and Reference



Introduction



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What Could be the Fourth Generation?

"Comparative Study of Land Administration Systems", the World Bank (2003)

Reviewed land titling and registration options

- -Characteristics
- Accessibility
- Costs, and
- Sustainability

based on information compiled in a number of case study countries.

 Completion of land titling/Cadastre using new technologies and adopting fit for purpose to compress time of completion from 10-20 years to 3-5 years



- Directly collect data in digital format
- PPP (Private Public Partnership) not only in cadastre construction/issuance of titles, but, in management of registry offices
- Integration of land data with other important data (zoning, taxation, financial sector, market research, utilities and development of smart cities, as part of E-Government programs.

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Property Markets | 2



Introduction



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Case study : Lebanon

Component A: Modernization of the digital Land Registry and Cadastre system, 15 million USD **Component B:** National Spatial Data Infrastructure, 8 million USD. **Component C:** Property Valuation and Taxation 12 million USD **Component D:** State Land Inventory and Management, 10 million USD.

Borrower/Client/Recipient: Ministry of Finance

Source : The World Bank Land Administration System Modernization (P159692)



Cadastre 4.0



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Cadastre 4.0 as a paradigm ::

- will close the circle between new technologies and automatisation of processes, products and services and stakeholders, including citizen and landowners as essential partners at equal level;
- support partnership model building coalitions /symbiosis between professionals in private and public service, between citizen and users and public authorities and between technology and society;
- sets the scene for permanent communication between people, procedures and products by amending internet of things by a social aspect;
- encourage citizen engagement and greater transparency and accountability to generate more trust and support for the cadastral system;
- truly 5D and above, defined as the spatio-temporal unit against which (one or more) unique and homogeneous rights (e.g. ownership right or land use right), responsibilities or restrictions are associated to the whole entity, as included in a Land Administration system.



Case study - Ghana

- Almost 90% of rural land in Ghana is not recorded in an official database, and many city dwellers have not yet official address..
- A symbiotic approach to building a cadastral register and property register for the people and made by the people.

-reducing human corruption in land disputes
-transparency
-wealth distribution to entire communities and property rights

futuristic paradigm of Cadastre 4.0





In April 2016, the National Agency of Public Registry and the company specializes in BitFury bitcoin

- directly and officially by the government.

Goal : enable citizens to register their property on blockchain.

Objective :

global transparency of the titles rights of the property cannot be misrepresented.



Cadastre 4.0 - Fintech

The first phase actually overlaps with Cadastre 3.0 stage

- First wave directly has only started creating the stage for a disruption even in real estate management practices
- "Second Wave": incumbent players created leverage on business models through their existing expertise, innovation centers to remain competitive amongst startups while leveraging their established brands and infrastructure and by fostering on the cultural mentality of fin-tech startups.
- Third wave Fin-tech 3.0 will aggressively use blockchain to distribute digital data globally,

So the Cadastre 4.0 will leverage on such distributed ledger systems. It also uses Internet of things to enable a value chain defined by effective use of data.



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Why Blockchain?

How blockchains, with a distributed database, eliminate the need for third parties among entities



Centralised Database



Distributed Database



Source : DBS group research 2016

Blockchain in Land registration





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Survey on Standards for Blockchain

The optimum standards and regulatory framework to ensure we are fostering innovation and entrepreneurism

technologies. Source: Blockchain survey, Standards Australia analysis

Respondents by sector of economic activity



10.4 **TLF** Tech Trade Land Finance Tech

Liaison committees

Liaison Committees to ISO/TC 307

The committees below can access the documents of ISO/TC 307 :

Reference	Title	ISO/IEC
ISO/IEC JTC 1	Information technology	ISO/IEC
<u>ISO/TC 154</u>	Processes, data elements and documents in commerce, industry and administration	ISO
ISO/TC 184/SC 4	Industrial data	ISO
<u>ISO/TC 292</u>	Security and resilience	ISO

Organizations in liaison

	Title	Liaison type
TLF Tech	Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication	A

Priority standards for Blockchain

The priority order for standards development activities relating to blockchain according to respondents of the survey:

- 1. Need for consistent and agreed terminology
- 2. Privacy
- 3. Governance
- 4. Interoperability
- 5. Security
- 6. Risk

Secretariat Australia - Standards Australia (SA) Participating Members (17) Observing Members (16) https://www.iso.org/committee/6266604.html?view=participation



Blockchain technologies to efficiency

Government services that survey respondents would like to see using blockchain technologies to improve efficiencies and public access

Land Transfers and Property Title registrations	72.1%
Personal Identification and Passport Documentation	68.9%
Management of Health Records	65.6%
Vehicle Registrations	54.1%
Welfare Distribution and Monitoring	37.7%
Urban planning; wider pedestrian sidewalks, increased times for crossings	21.3%
Public Transport Scheduling	16.4%



Source: Blockchain survey, Standards Australia analysis



TC 307 and TC 211

September 2016 - ISO announced that Australia will manage the Secretariat of ISO/TC 307 International Organization for Standardization (ISO) approved Standards Australia's proposal

The ISO 19152:2012 Land Administration Domain Model (LADM), as an international land administration standard focuses on legal requirements, but considers out of scope specifications of external information systems including valuation and taxation databases

Possible joint working group under FIG Commission 7 (Cadastre and Land Management) and FIG Commission 9 (Valuation and the Management of Real Estate) in collaboration with other relevant international bodies.

There has been no contact between the two committees, ISO/TC 211 and ISO/TC 307, in the period where Standards Norway had the TC 211 secretariat

a list of names has been forwarded to the ISO/TC 307 with our agenda to the committee secretary liaison team





Conclusions and further research

Challenge : transferring online functionality to physical world

Industry standards are also a concern Security standards of the technology may be questionable Privacy - *act of user providing personal data to cadastral engine*





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FIG and Partners



PARTNERS

FIG has partnership and a Memorandum of Understanding or formal co-operation agreement with various United Nations agencies and professional associations.

United Nations	World Bank
Joint Board of GIS	Professional Partners

Regional and Cultural Partners

The current members of the JB GIS are:

- Global Spatial Data Infrastructure (GSDI) Association
- IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Society (IEEE-GRSS)
- International Association of Geodesy (IAG)
- International Cartographic Association (ICA)
- International Federation of Surveyors (FIG)
- International Geographical Union (IGU)
- International Hydrographic Organization (IHO)
- International Map Industry Association (IMIA)
- International Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing (ISPRS)
- International Steering Committee for Global Mapping (ISCGM)

Regional and Cultural Partners

- Arab Union of Surveyors (AUS)
- Fédération des Géomètres Francophones, FGF
- The Council of European Geodetic Surveyors, CLGE
- The European Group of Valuers' Associations, TEGoVA
- The African Real Estate Society, AfRES
- Asociación Panamericana de Profesionales de la Agrimensura, APPA

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